

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Revision date: 07/10/2019 Supersedes: 02/03/2017 Version: 2.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Eni i-Base 15W-40

Product code : 1033

Type of product : Lubricants

Formula : 0197-2019

Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Used in closed systems Wide dispersive use

: Lubricant for internal combustion engines

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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

No additional information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ENI S.p.A.

P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 Rome Italy

Phone: (+39) 06 59821

www.eni.com

Contact:

Refining & Marketing

Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):

National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

#### 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable

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classification

vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. A potential risk may arise from the release of hydrogen sulfide, when the product is stored or handled at high temperature. Hydrogen sulfide may accumulate in the tanks or other confined spaces, with danger to the workers that enter the spaces. In these cases overexposure to hydrogen sulfide may cause irritation to airways, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness and death.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Notes

: Composition/ Information on ingredients:

Mixture of hydrocarbons

Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (see note [**], see note [***])	(CAS-No.) 101316-72-7 (EC-No.) 309-877-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-530-00-X (REACH-no) 01-2119489969-06-0000	80 - 90	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (see note [**], see note [***])	(CAS-No.) 64741-89-5 (EC-No.) 265-091-3 (EC Index-No.) 649-455-00-2 (REACH-no) 01-2119487067-30	1 - 2	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (see note [****])	(EC-No.) 939-603-7 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119978241-36	0,5 - 0,9	Not classified
Calcium carbonate (see note [*****])	(CAS-No.) 471-34-1 (EC-No.) 207-439-9 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) N/D	0,5 - 0,9	Not classified
Mineral base oil, severely refined (For identification of the substance, see note [*], see note [***])		1 - 3	Not classified

Notes

: [\*] Note: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following severely refined mineral base oils (not classified as hazardous):

CAS 64742-54-7/ÈC 265-157-1/REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-xxxx; CAS 64742-65-0/EC 265-169-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119471299-27-xxxx; CAS 64742-70-7/EC 265-174-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119487080-42-xxxx.

All these substances have a value < 3% wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346/92 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Note [\*\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346/92. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Note [\*\*\*]:

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Note [\*\*\*\*]

Total Base Number (TBN): > 300 mgKOH/g (ASTM D 2896)

More detailed information: See section 11.

Note [\*\*\*\*\*]:

substance with national workplace exposure limit(s)

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

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First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
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#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed 4.2.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Contact with hot product may cause severe thermal burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	<ul> <li>Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.</li> </ul>
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	<ul> <li>Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.</li> </ul>
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	: No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). Send the casualty immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1.	uishina	

Precautionary measures fire

Firefighting instructions

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases

(according to regulations).

Do not use direct water jets on the burning product, they could cause splattering and spread Unsuitable extinguishing media the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destrovs the foam.

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable
	vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in Explosion hazard

this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m³ of air.

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases). Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx. CaOx. ZnOx.

# Advice for firefighters

product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam.

: If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Do not try to extinguish the fire until the flow of product has been stopped, or it is certain that this will be done immediately. Contact of hot

containers. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.

Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing Special protective equipment for firefighters

apparatus. Complete protective clothing. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.

Other information In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so
	(e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical
	contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

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#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: See Section 8.

Emergency procedures

: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Work helmet. Non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant. Tightly fitting goggles and face shield, if splashes or contact of cold vapour with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

**Emergency procedures** 

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Hygiene measures

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products

: Keep away from: strong oxidants.

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Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
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: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

Packages and containers:

Packaging materials

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Lubricating oils (petrole	eum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogena	nted (101316-72-7)
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary	AK-érték	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Mineral base oil, severe	ely refined	·
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Mineral base oil, severe	ely refined	
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary	AK-érték	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Distillates (petroleum),	solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (langvarig) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark	Grænseværdi (kortvarig) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary	AK-érték	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands	MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m3)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden	Kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m3)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Distillates (petroleum), solve	ent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-TWA (mg/m³)		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined,	
		( 0 ,	DMŠO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV®-STEL (mg/m³)		10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)		5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ST	EL) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TW	A) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Calcium carbonate (471-34-1	1)			
France	VLE (mg/m³)		10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust)	
Hungary	AK-érték		10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust)	
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref	f) (ma/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust)	
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/n	, , ,	6 mg/m³	
Poland	NDS (mg/m³)	.,	10 mg/m³	
	` 0 /		<u> </u>	
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/r	n³)	4 mg/m³ (Respirable dust)	
Switzerland	MAK (mg/m³)	<b>A</b> ) (	3 mg/m³ (Respirable dust)	
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TW	A) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Respirable dust)	
Monitoring methods				
Monitoring methods		Monitoring procedures should be chos	sen according to the indications set by national	
•		authorities or labour contracts,Refer to of industrial hygiene.	o relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice	
Eni i-Base 15W-40				
DNEL/DMEL (additional inform	nation)			
Additional information	,	Not applicable	Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)				
Additional information		Not applicable		
Lubricating oils (petroleum)	C24-50 solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (10131	6-72-7)	
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	, 02:00, 00:10:11	oniai, aonanoa, ilyanogenaida (ilonoi		
Long-term - systemic effects, of	dermal	1 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
Long-term - systemic effects, definal  Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation		2,7 mg/m³		
Long-term - local effects, inhalation		5,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
DNEL/DMEL (General popular				
Long-term - systemic effects,oral		0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day		
PNEC (Oral)				
PNEC oral (secondary poisoni	ing)	9,33 mg/kg food		
Distillates (petroleum), solve	ent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)				
Long-term - systemic effects, i	nhalation	5,4 mg/m³ (Aerosol)		
PNEC (additional information)				
Additional information Not derived - Not classified as hazardous		ous for environment		
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C1	0-14-alkyl derivs.	, calcium salts		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)				
Acute - local effects, dermal		1,04 mg/cm² (DNEL)		
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal		25 mg/kg bodyweight/day (DNEL)		
DNEL/DMEL (General population)				
Acute - local effects, dermal		0,000518 mg/cm² (DNEL)		
Long-term - systemic effects,oral		2,5 mg/kg bodyweight/day (DNEL)		
Long-term - systemic effects, i		8,7 mg/m³ (DNEL)		
Long-term - systemic effects, of	dermal	12,5 mg/kg bodyweight/day (DNEL)		
PNEC (Water)				
PNEC aqua (freshwater)		0,1 mg/l		
		0,1 mg/l		
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)		10 mg/l		
PNEC (Sediment)				

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Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	45211 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	45211 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	47025 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	16667 mg/kg food
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	1000 mg/l

#### Note

: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

#### Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment means for the vapours: full or half-face gas mask with filter for organic vapours (A) or organic vapours/H2S (A+B). (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):













#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

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No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Appearance : Clear liquid. Colour Yellow-brown. Odour Petroleum-like. Odour threshold No data available No data available pΗ Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Melting point No data available No data available Freezing point **Boiling point** : No data available : > 100 °C (ASTM D93) Flash point Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable Vapour pressure : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available Relative density No data available Solubility : No data available

Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures

Viscosity, kinematic : 103,9 mm²/s (40°C, ASTM D445)

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

Additional information : No data available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce: Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

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STOT-repeated exposure

Additional information

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (API 1986, UBTL 1983 - OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1986, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2,18 - 5,53 mg/l/4h (API 1987, Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1988, BioResearch Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403)	
Mineral base oil, severely refined		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs.	, calcium salts	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight ((Sanitised, F. (1989), OECD Guideline 401))	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight ((Sanitised, G. (1989), OECD Guideline 402))	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 1,9 mg/l/4h ((Hoffman, G.M. (1986), EPA OPP 81-3))	
Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)		
LD50 oral rat	2000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LD50 dermal rat	2000 mg/kg bodyweight	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	3 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition)	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition) This product is formulated with one or more ingredients (complex additive mixtures) which contains calcium sulfonates. All these ingredients have each a TBN value > 300 mg KOH/g, therefore they are not classified as sensitizers. On basis of test data.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition)	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition) All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346/92 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3) This product contains also the following substances: Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C24 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346/92. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Additional information	: (according to composition)	
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
-	: (according to composition)	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts		
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit)	2500 mg/kg bodyweight	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour)	881,58 mg/m³	

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: (according to composition)

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd. dewayed hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (Mobil 1990 - OECD TG 408)		
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day (mouse, Chasey, K.L. and McKee, R.H. 1993 - OECD 453)		
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 - 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1986, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410)		
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 - 1500 mg/m³ (Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1991, Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)		
Mineral base oil, severely refined			
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)		
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)		
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs.,	, calcium salts		
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	> 1000 (OECD Giudeline 410)		
NOAEL (subacute, oral, animal/male, 28 days)	> 500 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD Guideline 407)		
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)		
Additional information	: (according to composition) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)		
Eni i-Base 15W-40			
Viscosity, kinematic	103,9 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40°C, ASTM D445)		
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.		
Other information	: None.		

<b>SECTION 12: Ecological information</b>	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (WAF, 48 h, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	>= 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish	>= 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	>= 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)	
Mineral base oil, severely refined		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs.,	calcium salts	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Goodband, T.J. (2005a)	
LC50 fish 2	≥ 10000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Cyprinodon variegatus - Nicholson, R.B. (1986)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/48h, EPA OTS 797.1300 (WAF) (Read-across) - Ward, T.J (1993)	
EC50 72h algae (1)	≥ 100 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 201 (WAF) (Read-across) - Scenedesmus subspicatus - Mead, C. (2005)	
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/72h, EPA OTS 797.1050 (WAF) (Read-across) - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata - Ward, T.J (1994)	

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Calcium carbonate (471-34-1)	
EC50 72h algae (1)	14 mg/l
2.2. Persistence and degradability	
Eni i-Base 15W-40	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently
reisistence and degradability	biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solven	t-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Mineral base oil, severely refined	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	paraffinic (64741-89-5)
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs	s., calcium salts
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	8 % (28d - OECD Guideline 301 D)
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Eni i-Base 15W-40	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<u>'</u>	t-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.
·	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<u> </u>	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs	
BCF fish 1	70,8 (L/Kg w/w)
Log Pow	6,91
Log Kow	8 (OECD Guideline 107 (EU Method A.8))
2.4. Mobility in soil	
Eni i-Base 15W-40	
Ecology - soil	No data available.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solven	t-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Ecology - soil	This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	paraffinic (64741-89-5)
Ecology - soil	This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs	calcium salts
Log Koc	15,65 - 15,75 (QSAR, Chemservice S.A. (2013a))
2.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessme	
Eni i-Base 15W-40	oritorio of DEACH regulation, appay VIII
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT	
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvE Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.
Results of FDT-VFVD assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the chiefla for classification as FBT of VFVs.  The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Component	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

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Component	
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts ()	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : None.

Additional information : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case,

wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific

purpose.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product,

alterations and contaminations.

Additional information : Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or

incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials : The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC) : 13 02 05\* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADN / ADR / IATA / IMDG / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number	14.1. UN number			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shipping	14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None.				

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### - Overland transport

Not regulated

### - Transport by sea

Not regulated

#### - Air transport

Not regulated

#### - Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

#### - Rail transport

Not regulated

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

IBC code : Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

3(b) Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m). ≥ 0,1 % / SCL

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et seguens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directives 75/439/CEE - 87/101/CEE concerning disposal of used oils.

France

Maladies professionelles (F) : RG 36 - Affections provoquées par les huiles et graisses d'origine minérale ou de synthèse

Germany

Reference to AwSV : Water hazard class (WGK) (D) 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to

Awsv, Annex 1)

WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Storage class (LGK) (D) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids

Employment restrictions : Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to

§ 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV

Other information, restrictions and prohibition

regulations

: TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers

: Is not subject of the 12. BlmSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures
TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

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NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting

giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding

an voor de voortplanting : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting

giftige stoffen - Ontwikkeling

: None of the components are listed

: None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

#### A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes:

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking. SECTION 2:

Hazards identification. SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients. SECTION 4: First aid

measures. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures. SECTION 6: Accidental release measures.

SECTION 7 : Precautions for safe handling. SECTION 8 : Exposure controls/personal protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties. SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity. SECTION 11:

Toxicological information. SECTION 12: Ecological information. SECTION 13: Disposal

considerations. SECTION 14: Transport information. SECTION 15: Regulatory information.

SECTION 16: Other information.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.
	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ata cources	This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

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## Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.

SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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